*Spiru Haret* University Faculty of Engineering and Computer Science Department of Engineering and Computer Science

1. Opening description Department: Engineering and Computer Science Opening title: ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR PhD Opening position: 4 Subjects: Introduction to bioinformatics,

**Bioinformatics.** 

# 2. Opening-related activities

Teaching and seminar:

Introduction to bioinformatics (1<sup>st</sup> year, 1<sup>st</sup> semester), 2 course hours = 2 agreed hours. 2groups x 2hours = 2 agreed hours. Bioinformatics (3<sup>rd</sup> year, 2<sup>nd</sup> semester) 2 course hours = 2 agreed hours 2groups x 2hours = 2 agreed hours. Total number of hours = 8 agreed hours.

# 3. Competitive examination topics

### Introduction to bioinformatics

- 1. Biological databases. Introduction.
- 2. Queuing search algorithms
- 3. Sequence distance
- 4. Dynamic programming Needleman-Wunsch global alignment algorithm
- 5. Dynamic programming Smith-Waterman local alignment algorithm
- 6. Complex models repetitive sequences, overlapping sequences, hybrid sequences
- 7. Substitution matrix

### **Bioinformatics**

1. Types of biological data and their employment using computational tools; Major bioinformatics

resources - NAR, NCBI, EMBL-EBI and Expasy databases; Research databases: PubMed, PubMed

Central and Public Library of Sciences

2. Nucleic acid sequence databases - NCBI, EMBL and DDBJ. Protein sequence databases - NCBI

Protein, TrEMBL and Uniprot. Similarity search engines - BLAST and FASTA

3. Protein structure databases - RCSB PDB, SCOP and CATH. Databases of metabolic pathways -

KEGG, BioCyc and Reactome. Protein – protein interaction databases – STRING, Consensus PathDB and BioGRID.

4. Genomic databases, Gene expression databases – 4DXpress, ArrayExpress and GEO; Genome databases – GeneCards and OMIM. Immunological databases.

5. Multiple sequence alignment, Algorithms. Examples.

- 6. Sequence modelling
- 7. Markov chain models
- 8. Phylogenetic analysis.

## 9. Parsimony method.

# 4. Course topics

### Introduction to bioinformatics

Dynamic programming. Local alignment algorithms. Global alignment algorithms Substitution matrix

## **Bioinformatics**

Multiple sequence alignment algorithms Sequential analysis using a Markov chain model

# 5. References

1. Charras C., Lecroq T., Handbook of Exact String Matching Algorithms, <u>https://www-igm.univ-mlv.fr/~lecroq/string.pdf</u>.

2. Cristianini N., Hand M., Introduction to Computational Genomics : a case-study approach, Cambridge University Press, 2007.

3. Durbin R. et al., Biological Sequence Analysis : Probabilistic Models of Proteins and Nucleic Acids, Cambridge University Press, 1998.

4. Felsenstein J., Inferring Phylogenies, Sinauer Associates; 2nd ed., 2003.

5. Gusfield Dan. Algorithms on strings, trees, and sequences: computer science and computational biology. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press, 1997

(http://www.inf.ufes.br/~berilhes/Cursos/TBO2008-1/gusfield.pdf)

6. Lesk Arthur M., Introduction to Bioinformatics (4 th edition), Oxford Univ. Press, Oxford UK, 2014.

7. Măndoiu Ion I., Zelikovsky A., Bioinformatics Algorithms, Wiley, 2008.

8. Mihalaş G.I., Neagu M., Neagu A., Textbook of Biophysics, Ed. Eurobit, Timişoara, 2001. 2nd ed., 2004.

9. Needleman Saul B., Wunsch, Christian D., A general method applicable to the search for similarities in the amino acid sequence of two proteins. Journal of Molecular Biology. 48 (3): 443–53, 1970.

10. Smith, Temple F., Waterman, Michael S., Identification of Common Molecular Subsequences, Journal of Molecular Biology. 147 (1): 195–197, 1981.

11. Thompson JD., Linard B., Lecompte O., Poch O., A comprehensive benchmark study of multiple sequence alignment methods: current challenges and future perspectives". PLOS ONE. 6 (3): e18093, 2011.

12. Yoon, Byung-Jun, Hidden Markov Models and their Applications in Biological Sequence Analysis, <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.2174/138920209789177575</u>.

Head of Department Associate Professor Nicoleta Magdalena Iacob, PhD